



**Region and Place**  
**Log onto**  
**SOCRATIVE**



# Learning Objective

---

Identify the distinct feature of place, including a toponym, site and situation

Identify the three types of regions



# Place

---

-where particular places are located and the combination of features that make each place on earth distinct.

- **Location**- the position that something occupies on the earth's surface
  - Identified 3 ways
    - **Toponym**- a name given to a place on earth (city names, names given by settlers)
    - **Site**- physical characteristic of a place (climate, soil, vegetation, elevation)
    - **Situation** - location of a place relative to other places.







---

What are the three ways location is identified?

---



# Region

---

## Three types of Regions

1. Formal
2. Functional
3. Vernacular

## Cultural Landscape

- unified character
- combo of cultural features (language/religion)
- economic features (agriculture/industry)
- and physical features (climate/vegetation)







**What are the three types of regions?**

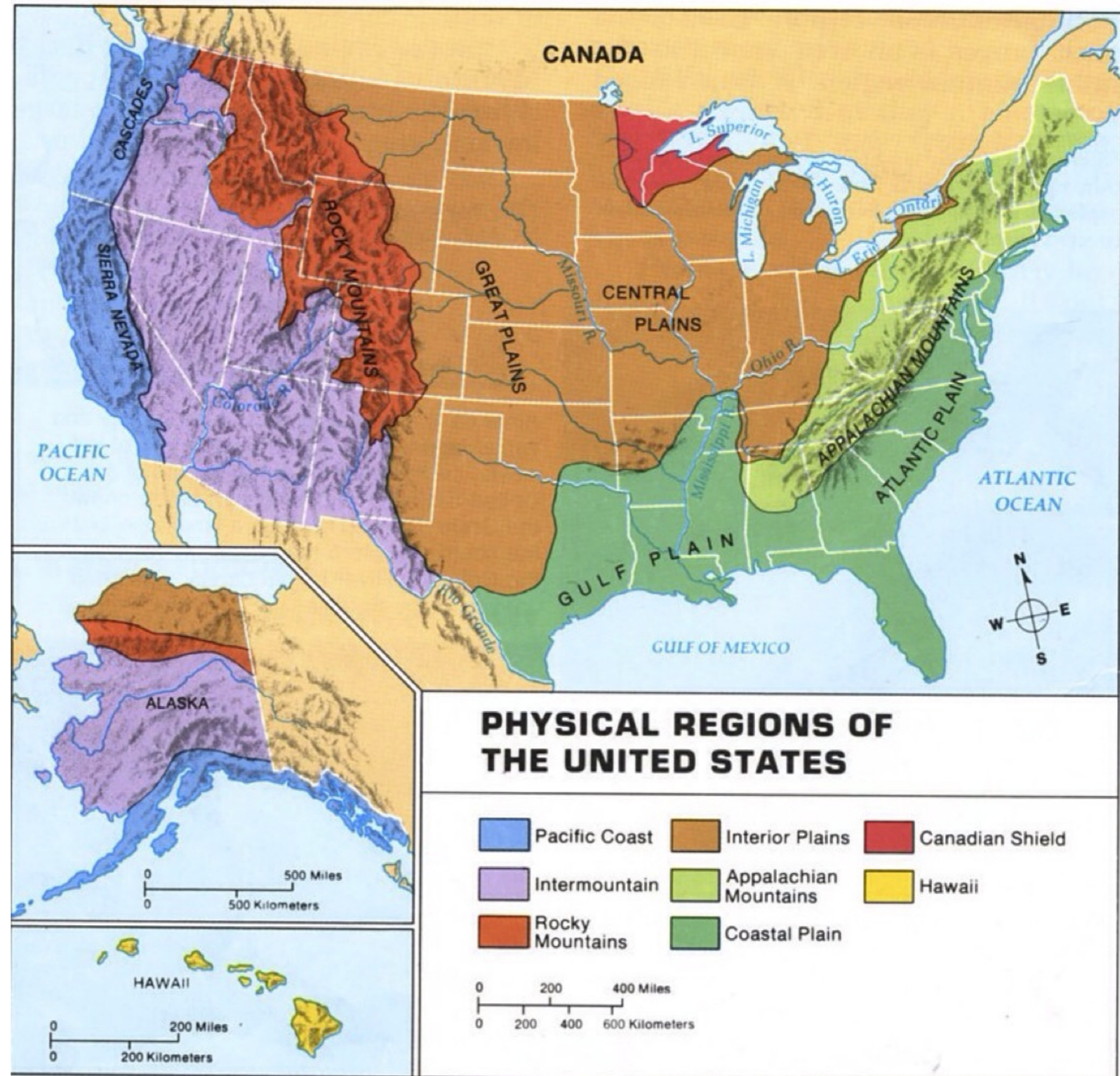


# Formal Region

also known as a uniform region

- everyone shares one or more things in common
- cultural activities, economic activity
- characteristic is present throughout

Recognize diversity while making generalizations



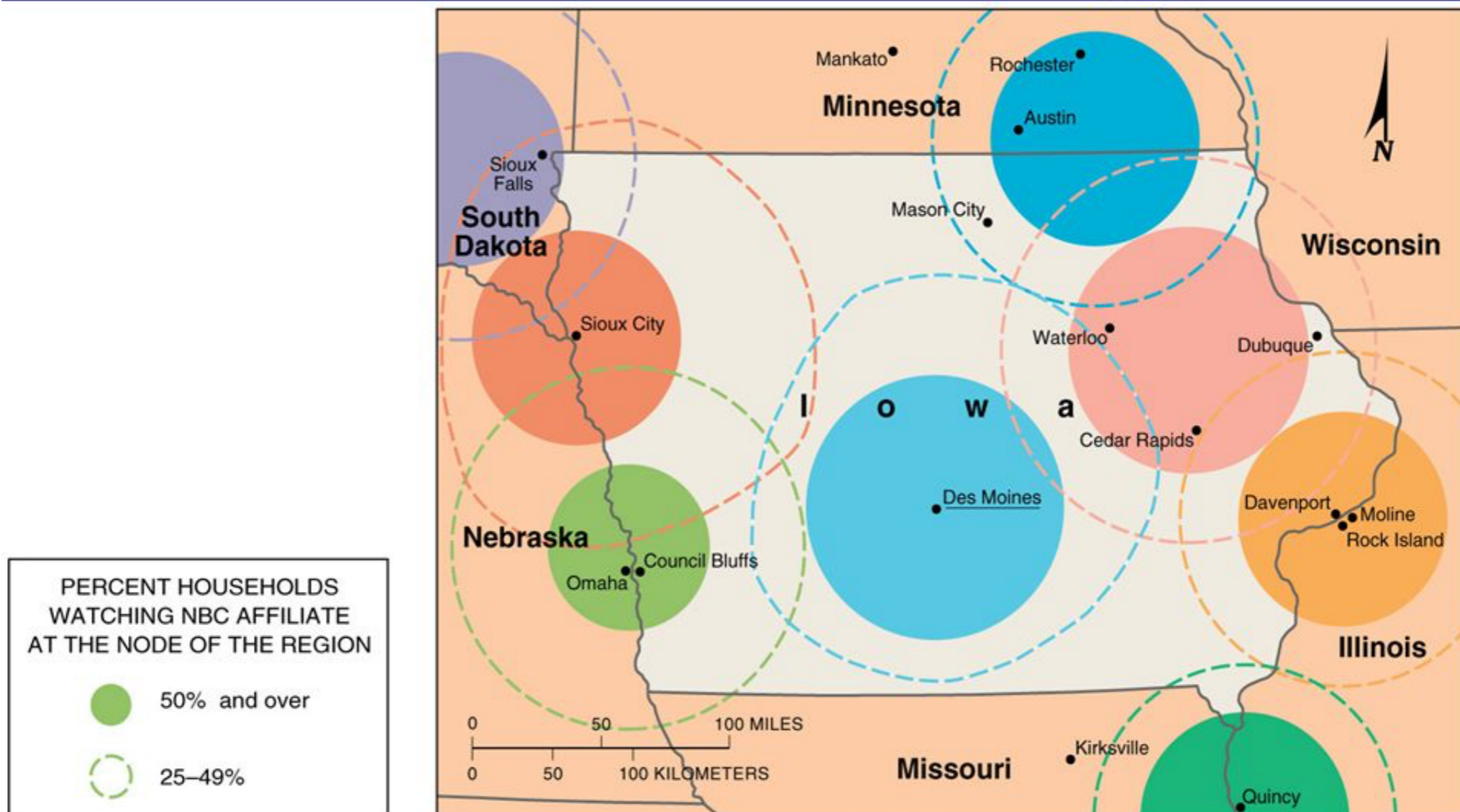


# Functional Region

also known as a nodal region

- area organized around a node or focal point
- tied to a central point by transportation, communication systems, or economic functional associations
- Examples- SRS, Savannah River, WJBF or WRDW

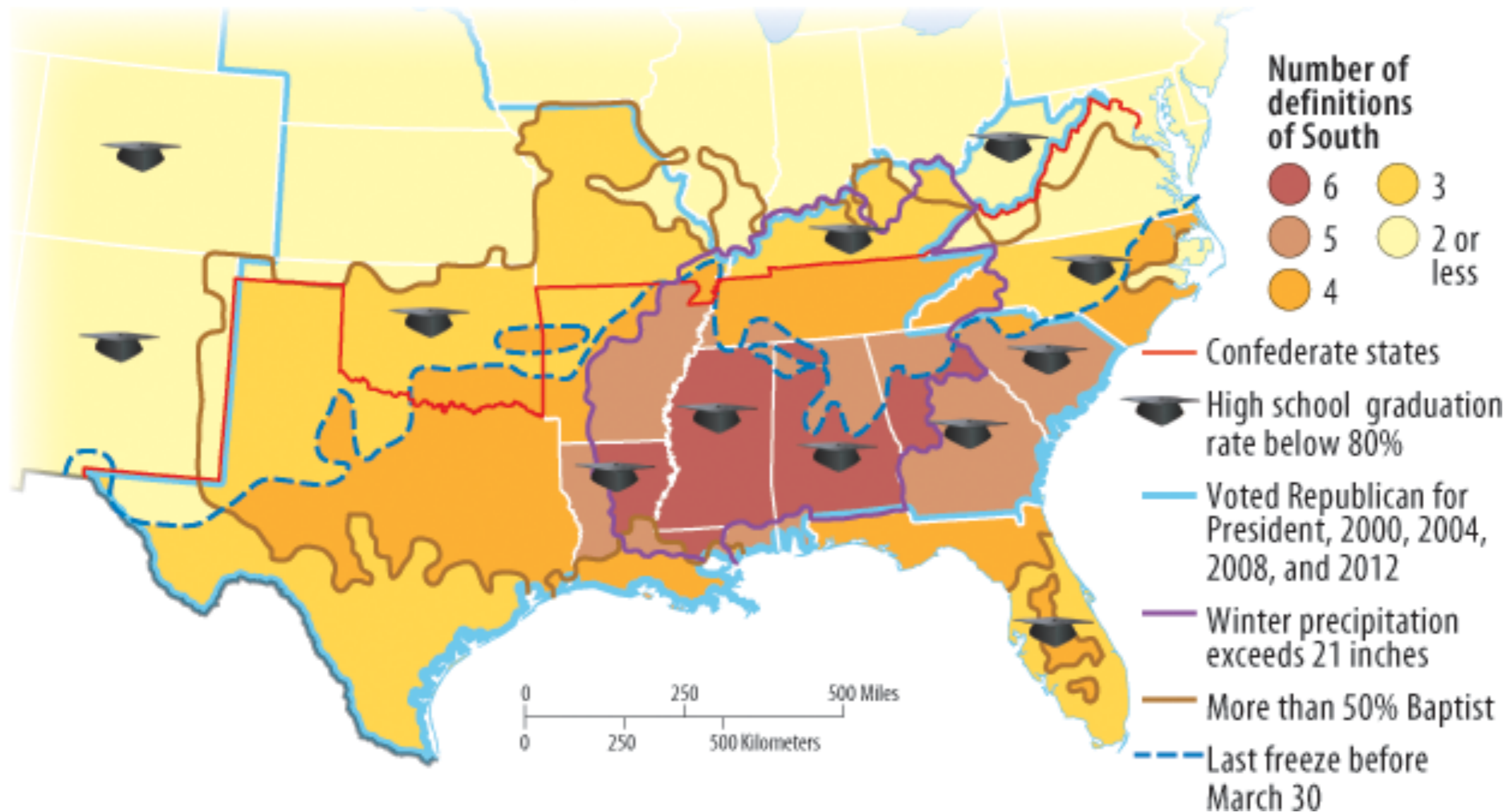
## Formal vs. Functional Regions





# Vernacular Region

- also known as a perceptual region
- an area that people believe exists as part of their cultural identity.
- information sense of place







---

**Name one example of a formal region, a functional region and a vernacular region.**

---